

R. GRAY
LIVED a list of the draw-
ings sold by him in the N. York
drawing two days drawings:
2,367 } Are prizes of 10 dolls.
2,205 }
2,403 }
ickets and halves for
dars, but will advance in a few

to give Notice,
scriber of Alexandria county,
of Columbia, hath obtained
Court of said county, let-
ration on the personal estate
late of the county afore-
ceased: all person, having
he said deceased, are hereby
bit them with the vouchers
subscribers, on or before the
tober next, or they may be
from all benefit to said estate
ted thereto are required to
paymet.

Margaret Simms,
ministratrix of T. Simms.
Washington for Sale.

FARM in Fairfax county,
mediate possession. It is less
from Alexandria, and six
g-Town ferry—the distance
ted bridge will be less—the
an elevated hill, and over
Alexandria, the river, with
ills of Maryland. The house
and is nearly finished, con-
house two stories high, and
ned to it, by circular corri-
ing contains 2 small rooms,
and the corridor adjoining
green house, this leads to a
a dining room separated
ssage and stair-case, is next
dor which contains 3 closets,
kitchen—two small rooms in
kitchen—a pump of excel-
lence. The second story of
contains 3 chambers and a
ith fire places—a large clo-
ing room—one of the same
se stair case, both fitted up
ore room in the garret, and
se top, from whence is seen
gated landscape, completes
the mansion house. A neat
ates laborers, and there are
house, and ice house; the
acres, 70 enclosed and cul-
in wood; this place boasts
of fruit that I have seen
sort; the list given to me
0 peaches, and 300 cherry
and several hundred of the
arden consists of 12 large
riched and borders filled
bushes; it is surrounded
ge, which also extends on
ee: the former proprie-
taste, and collected many
and shrubs, which are in-
about the grounds. The
grass, and the portion of
timothy and clover, yield
it produced good wheat
and I think with small ex-
erced productive. Those
ce, where health will be
venience of intercourse
George-Town, and the seat
I find all combined in
I will shew the premi-
erms of sale, upon appli-
ected to the Post-Office,
ELIZA P. LAW.

and For Sale,
Y, King-street,
HISTORY;
of St. Domingo.
written by a lady at
nel BURR, late Vice-
ed States.—Price \$1.
CHIVALRY,
ntures of a Captain and
servant, by H.H. Brock-
—Price \$2 50 cents.
n of Domestic
kery,
ples of economy and e-
ivate families.—Price
DAILY BY
NOWEN,
rtridges.)

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

VOL VIII.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1808.

[No. 2135.]

Sales at Vendue.
On every Tuesday and Friday
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.
Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.
FOR SALE,
On board the ship "Commerce, laying at Colonel
Ramsay's wharf,
About two thousand bushels of May
SALT.
Excellent for striking and packing fish, which
will be sold in small quantities from on board.

GREEN COFFEE.
5000 lb. best Green COFFEE
FOR SALE BY
James Sanderfon.

HEMP FOR SALE.
I HAVE on hand, ten tons of the first quality
CLEAN COUNTRY HEMP, I wish
to sell for cash, or on a time
Bryan Hampson.

NOTICE.
THE Co-partnership of Catlett
and Fisk, is this day dissolved by mutual con-
sent.

Chs. I. Catlett,
Martin Fisk.
The business in future will be trans-
acted by
CHS. I. CATLETT

TO RENT,
and possession given on the 14th of November
next,
The three story Brick House
On the corner of King and Columbia-streets,
now occupied by Mr. John Roberts.—For
terms apply to Col. GEORGE DENEALE, living
next door, or to the subscriber.

Nicholas Voss,
City of Washington, Oct. 20.
A Brick House for Sale.
THE Brick House occupied by Mrs. Mc-
challs, on the north side of Prince-
street, between Fairfax and Water-streets, is
offered for sale on a liberal credit. For parti-
culars apply to
John C. Vowell.

Twenty Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the Subscriber in the month
of January, a Negro Man, called
ABRAHAM.
Of a very slender form about five feet 8 or
9 inches high, thin visage, a stoop in his
walk, a down look when spoken to and rather
fond of drink.
He was seen lurking in the neighborhood
of the Great and Little Falls of Potomac for
some time; 'tis believed he crossed at the
Great Falls, and is now at work on the great
road leading from Baltimore to Fredericktown
or that he is in Baltimore.
He acknowledged that he did belong to me
but is now enticed to his freedom. The above
reward will be given to any person who will
apprehend said negro & all reasonable expen-
ses paid.

Peter Wise.
Fifty Dollars Reward.
ELOPED from the service of the subscriber
on Thursday night last,
A NEGRO MAN, named **ANTHONY**
(commonly called **TONEY**)—He is a
black fellow, of age, 6 feet high, a likely
well-looking fellow, formerly a stevedore in
Alexandria, his cloaths not known.—Who-
ever secures him in any jail in Virginia, or
the district of Columbia, shall receive a re-
ward of **Thirty Dollars**, if out of the state of
Virginia, or the district of Columbia—FIF-
TY DOLLARS and all reasonable expen-
ces will be paid if brought home.

William H. Tebbs.
Dunfries, March 12.
N. B. Masters of vessels and others are
forewarned to harbor or carry him off at their
peril

NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Washington
Bridge Company.
IN pursuance of an act of Congress, you
are called on by the late commissioners to at-
tend in person or by proxy, at Washington,
the 2d May next, to elect five Directors, a
Treasurer and Clerk. I take the liberty thro'
his medium to offer myself a candidate as
your Clerk. The advantage to the Alexan-
drians of the clerk residing in Alexandria, as
the office is to be kept in Washington, is ob-
vious, and no injury can possibly arise from
this arrangement to the Stockholders in the
City. It will render unnecessary in case of
transfers, that the persons conveying or re-
ceiving the conveyance should repair to the
clerk's office in the City to have the needful
done. True it is, that it may be done by
power of attorney; but the trouble and ex-
pense attendant thereon is an inconvenience,
independent of the necessity of an agent to
effect the transfer; whereas the clerk residing
in Alexandria might be the means of saving
that expense and trouble by keeping a transfer
book there.

The lively interest I have taken in the pro-
motion of the Bridge, in which I at present
own in my own name and those of others, 148
shares, I flatter myself will entitle me to a
preference over any that has no interest there-
in. I shall be content to receive whatever em-
olument the service may be deemed worthy
of, or as low as any competitor that may be
presented for your suffrage.

A. LINDO.
April 14.
District Court of the U. States,
In and for the District of Columbia.
United States of America,
against
Forty boxes of white clay-
ed Sugar, ten boxes of
brown Sugar and ten
tons of Logwood.

It is Ordered, By the honora-
ble WILLIAM CRANCH, chief judge of the
district of Columbia, holding the district court
of the United States, in and for the district of
aforesaid, that Friday the 29th day of April,
1808, be and the same is hereby appointed,
for the trial of the said merchandize; at the
Court-house in the town of Alexandria; in the
district aforesaid, before a special session of
the said court, then and there to be holden;
and that the substance of the said libel filed
against the said merchandize, together with
this order, be published, fourteen days before
the day hereby appointed for the trial of the
same, in the newspaper published in the said
town of Alexandria, and be also posted up in
the most public manner, for the space of four-
teen days before the said day of trial, at the
court house in the town of Alexandria, and
also at the coffee house in said town.

G. DENEALE,
Clerk, Dist. Court, Dist. Columbia.

The libel in the above case charges, in sub-
stance:
That 40 boxes of clayed sugar, 10 boxes of
brown sugar and 10 tons of logwood, were
imported from Havana, into the port of Vi-
enna, district of Maryland, in the schooner
Seafarer, of Baltimore, Frederick Travers,
master, on or about the 20th day of March
last; that the said schooner was at the time
of importing the said merchandize and for a
long time before, a vessel licensed for carry-
ing on the coasting trade; that being so li-
censed, the said schooner, some time in the
month of Dec last, cleared out from Balti-
more for N. Orleans, and proceeded either
from Baltimore or from some other port or
place within the U. S. on a foreign voyage to
Havana, without having first given up her
license to the collector of the district compre-
hending the port of Baltimore, nor to the col-
lector of any district comprehending the port
from which she was about to proceed on such
foreign voyage, and without being duly re-
gistered by any such collector:—That on
such foreign voyage, the said merchandize
was imported in the said schooner from Ha-
vanna into the said port of Vienna, and
here transported into the port and town of
Alexandria, where the same was seized by
Charles Simms, esq. collector of the customs
is forfeited to the U. S.

G. DENEALE, C. C.
April 14.

Salt and Barrels.
I have for sale at my store near the fishing
landing, a quantity of coarse and fine SALT,
parcel of empty Barrels, and about 50 Casks
a complete order for striking fish.
John G. Ladd.
March 26.

District Court of the U. States,

In and for the District of Columbia.
United States of America,
against
Four cases of merchan-
dize, containing two pi-
ano fortes, two barrel
organs, and four music
books,

It is Ordered, By the honora-
ble WILLIAM CRANCH, chief judge of the
district of Columbia, holding the district court
of the United States in and for the district a-
foresaid, That Friday the 29th day of April,
1808, be, and the same is hereby appointed,
for the trial of the said four cases of mer-
chandize, at the court house in the town of
Alexandria, in the district aforesaid, before a
special session of the said court, then and there
to be holden; and that the substance of the
libel filed against the said four cases of mer-
chandize together with this order, be published
fourteen days before the day hereby appointed
for the trial of the same, in the newspaper
published in the said town of Alexandria, and
be also posted up in the most public manner,
for the space of fourteen days before the
said day of trial, at the court house, in the
town of Alexandria, and also at the coffee house
in the said town.

G. DENEALE,
Clerk, Dist. Court, Dist. Columbia.

The libel in the above case, charges in sub-
stance:

That 4 cases of merchandize, containing 2
piano fortes, 2 barrel organs, and 4 music
books, were imported in the ship William &
John, Thomas Woodhouse, master, from Li-
verpool, into the port of Alexandria, and con-
signed by one Cornelius Ward of Liverpool,
to one Joseph Riddle of Alexandria, mer-
chant:—That the said 4 cases of merchan-
dize were, on or about the 19th day of Oct.
1807, entered at the said port of Alexandria;
that the same were not invoiced according to
the actual cost thereof at the place of ex-
portation, but that the said Cornelius Ward,
the exporter, with design to evade a part of
the duties thereupon, did make or cause to be
made out a **FALSE AND FRAUDULENT**
INVOICE of the said **MERCHANDIZE**,
in which the same was not invoiced according
to the actual cost thereof, at the place of ex-
portation, but far below such actual cost;
which false invoice was transmitted by the
said exporter, to the consignee with direc-
tions to produce it at the custom house in Alex-
andria, as the invoice by which the said 4 cases
of merchandize were to be entered; that the
said 4 cases of merchandize, for the causes
aforesaid, were seized by Charles Simms, esq.
collector, as forfeited to the United States.

G. DENEALE, C. C.
April 14.

BRYAN HAMPSON
HAS FOR SALE:
10 pipes old port
5 do. Madeira
30 quarter casks Lisbon
12 do. particular Tenerife
15 do. Malaga
15 pipes old cognac brandy
5 do. 4th proof Holland Gin
5 hhds. 3d proof Antigua rum
1 do. first quality molasses
6 do. green copperas
2 do. alum
20 do. brown sugar
20 bags pimento
15 do. pepper
10 chests young hyson
10 do hyson skin
5 do. imperial
100 bags green coffee
150 kegs madder
50 do. ground ginger
50 do. raisins
1200 lbs. bacon, well cured
5 kegs salt petre
A quantity of fine and ground alum salt.
At all times he has the first quality flour for
milyuse on hand—with a number of other
articles—all of which he will sell low on his
former terms.

JAMES SANDERSON,
Offers, for sale very low,
25 hogheads Muscovado Sugar,
70 bags green Coffee
15 hogheads well flavored Rum
pipes Cogniac Brandy
12 quarter casks Sherry Wine
12 bales Tennessee Cotton
And as usual
A general assortment of the best Wines
Spiritous Liquors, Teas and Groceries.
Printing in all its various branches
handsomely executed at this office.

Epaulets, Lace, Swords & Plumes

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
ADAM LYNN,
Who has to Rent,
A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, on
King street, in a good situation, and neatly
fitted for a store.
April 25.

CORN AT AUCTION.
Will be sold at public auction at Thomas Iron's
warehouse, on Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock,
About 1600 bushels of CORN, in
lots to suit the purchasers. Terms of sale
will be made known at the time and place of
sale.
April 25.

For Sale,
AT AUCTION,
At the subscribers dwelling on Wednesday next
at 11 o'clock,
A variety of handsome Mahogany Fur-
niture, viz.
Desk and Book Case, Side Board, Dining
Card and Tea Tables, Bureaus, Clocks, Look-
ing Glasses, &c. together with sundry other
useful articles of Household and Kitchen Fur-
niture.

Wm. Reilly.
April 25.

Public Sale.
On TUESDAY next, at half past 2 o'clock,
will be sold, on Tucker's wharf
20 hogheads Sugar, on a cre-
dit of 60 and 90 days.
P. G. Marsteller.

TO LET,
The Dwelling House now occupied by Mr.
William M. Mchen, on Royal-street. Pos-
session may be had immediately.
Joseph Smith.
April 25.

One Cent Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, about
ten days since an apprentice lad to the
shoe-making business, named **James Francis**,
about seventeen years of age.
The above reward will be paid, and no thanks
to any person who will return him to me in
this place.
All persons are forewarned from harbour-
ing him at their peril.
John Wood.

SALT.
2900 bushels Liverpool coarse Salt, just
received per the schooner Independent, from
Charleston—for sale by
John and Thomas Vowell.
April 22, 1808.

EDUCATION.
JOSEPH COWING respectfully acquaints
his friends and the public, that he has en-
gaged as an assistant a gentleman (of good
family) from Bern in Switzerland.
Whereby he is enabled to add to the course
of instruction pursued in his school: The
French, German and Italian Languages—
Ancient and Modern History.—Arithmetic,
Euclid's Elements, Geography with the use
of the Globes and Maps, Trigonometry, Men-
suration, Surveying, Navigation and the Lunar
Observations, Analytics, Astronomy, &c. &c.
Likewise Algebra and Fluxions, with their
Applications to the various branches of the
Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, will be
taught as hitherto by himself at his School in
St. Asaph street.

A. B. Those who wish to be instructed in
the above Languages, will please to apply, as
the number of Pupils will be limited.
April 19.

Valuable Property for Sale.
TO BE SOLD, in four distinct lots or to-
gether, four acres of LAND, contain-
ing from one and a quarter acre to two acres
each; most eligibly situated without the terri-
tory of Columbia, extending in a right line
from Gibbon-street to Great-Hunting-Creek,
intersecting Jefferson, Franklin, and Green
street, and bounding east and west on Fayette
and Payne-streets.
A plan of the ground and further particulars
may be obtained by application to
James Patton,

RICHMOND, February 8, 1868.
Accompanying the message of the President
of the U. States, to Congress, on the 22d
March.

But it is supposed that although the orders of the British government may not have inhibited this trade, it is comprised in the general inhibition of the British principle. If the British principle inhibits such a trade, which I do not admit, it does not follow that a sanction to that inhibition is given by this article, for reasons already stated. If the provision of the article does not extend to that trade, the rights of the parties cannot be affected by it.—They remain equally in force against the principle, as against the instructions, had they inhibited it. But the claim to an exemption from this trade from the operation of the British principle, rests on still stronger ground, admitting that it ever extended to it, which however I am far from admitting. It can be shewn that the orders themselves, take it completely from within the scope of that principle. By instructing the cruisers to seize vessels engaged in a particular trade, every other trade is allowed. It is in that mode, that what is called a relaxation of the British principle, is effected. The order reduces the principle to its own standard, or, in other words, becomes the principle itself. If this doctrine is not true, it is impossible to designate in what mode the relaxation, which is universally admitted, of the British principle is wrought; or to prove that there has been any relaxation of it whatever. If the orders have not that effect, of what avail are they? That they have that effect is proved by the decisions of the courts, and the practice under them. I am aware of the broad doctrine held by the courts on the subject, but that doctrine, necessarily ambiguous from the dilemma in which the courts were placed by the inconsistent orders of the government, if not reconcilable to this construction (as I think it is, when the whole subject is taken into view) is contradicted by the decisions of the same courts and the explanations of the government itself.

I shall close my remarks on this point by observing, that as the arrangement of the acts to break the continuity of the voyage from the U. S. to the parent country, and other enemy countries of Europe, in the produce of their colonies, and from the U. S. to those colonies, in the manufactures of Europe, is confined strictly to that object, the rights of the parties remain unimpaired in every other circumstance relative to that trade: that as the article contains no stipulation against the direct trade from the colony to the parent country, the right to carry on even that trade is not necessarily suspended by it: that if in any view it can be considered as suspended it is by implication arising out of the whole transaction, rather than from the stipulation itself.

The remarks above made, refer more particularly to a trade between the U. S. and Europe in the produce of enemy colonies. They are however equally applicable to the other objection stated in your letter, of a trade between the U. S. and enemy colonies, in the produce or manufactures of Africa or Asia. None of the orders alluded to, inhibit that commerce, and it is most certain that the article alluded to, gives no sanction to such a pretension.

The limitation of the article to the term specified, was a condition which we presumed might prove advantageous to the United States, while it could not possibly injure them. It is expressly stipulated that the right of both parties shall revive at the expiration of the term. Those of the United States, therefore, would then be in force, and the full extent of their pretensions, in the same manner as, if the stipulation had not been entered into. In another war they might insist on conditions which this stipulation did not secure, and if Great Britain did not yield to their demand, they might resort to an expedient to compel her, which the wisdom of their councils might dictate. Any encroachment on the part of Great Britain on their rights, as heretofore contended for might be considered by their government an act of hostility, and treated accordingly. The least favorable conditions that she could offer would be those already settled, which the United States might accept or reject, as they thought best. As a youthful, prosperous, and rising nation, it could not be doubted that in the next war their situation would be more imposing than in the present one. The presumption is, that they would be able then to obtain better conditions than at present.

NEW YORK, April 22.

From London papers to March 15th, received
- the office of the Mercantile Advertiser by the
ship Laura.

LONDON, March 14.
The old report of the restoration of viscount Melville to the admiralty, and a seat in the cabinet, is revived. Lord Mulgrave, thus ousted, is to be appointed governor-general of Bengal.

March 15.

Last night four Gottenburgh mails arrived, and this morning one arrived from Holland, the contents of which are very important. The fact of the emperor of Russia having declared war against Sweden is now ascertained beyond a doubt. Letters from Stockholm, dated the 3d inst. state, that intelligence had been received that the Russians had entered Sweden, and had advanced as far as Louisa, which is on the frontiers of Finland. It is said that the Russian army amounts to 40,000 men: we have very little doubt but that the force is much exaggerated, and it is quite obvious that they cannot for some time undertake any operations of importance. In the mean time, the French are marching with great rapidity into Denmark, and a very considerable body of them have actually entered the island of Funen, to co-operate with the Danes in the invasion of Sweden, and every effort is making to procure vessels to carry them across the Sound. The British squadron in the Sound was frozen up for a short time; but the ice has now broken up. Every exertion is making by the government of this country to send a formidable force to the assistance of our gallant ally—a force which we have no doubt will be amply sufficient to frustrate the attempts of the French and Danes in that quarter. The Russian minister and consul at Stockholm have been put under arrest.

The French government have at length thought proper to give an account of the proceedings of the Rochefort squadron, which, as we have constantly stated, did enter the Mediterranean and arrived at Toulon. This account is given in a letter from Paris, dated the 21st ult. which states, that the Carthagea squadron is also at sea. The Toulon and Rochefort squadrons sailed from Toulon on the 7th and 8th ult. for the purpose, as it is stated, of proceeding, in the first instance, to Sicily, and then attacking Lord Collingwood's fleet, before he can receive reinforcements from England. The appearance of Sir R. Strachan's squadron in the Mediterranean, will, however, defeat this fine scheme, as our naval force in that quarter is quite sufficient to give a very satisfactory account of the United Rochefort, Toulon, and Carthagea squadrons, if we should have the good fortune to meet them.

A new arrangement has been made in respect to the future communications between this country and Sweden. The post office packets are hereafter to proceed directly to Marstrand, and not as before to Gottenburgh.

The merchants who were lately compelled to quit Portugal, yesterday met at the London Tavern. The meeting was called for the purpose of considering the propriety of presenting a memorial to government, praying for relief under all the circumstances, from the difficulties to which they were reduced in consequence of the impracticability of procuring any satisfaction from the subjects of Portugal for the claims which they still had upon them. About fifty persons attended the meeting, from whom a committee was chosen to draw up the proposed memorial. The convoy which in the first instance had been appointed to sail for the Brazils, on the 22d instant, has, at the request of the merchants, been postponed to the 31st. Lord Strangford, as ambassador, and Mr. Cambier, as consul general, will sail about a week before the convoy.

General Whitelocke.—Yesterday being the day on which the general was to enter into his defence, a great crowd collected before the court was opened. The spectators were admitted at ten o'clock, and a considerable struggle took place. It was some time before the military, assisted by the Bow-street officers, could effect a passage for the members of court and the distinguished persons who accompanied them. The dukes of Kent and Cumberland were among the number. The effect of the struggle and the consequent heat was so forcible upon several ladies, that some fainted and others uttered loud outcries, resulting from pain and apprehension. When the disturbance had wholly subsided, the general was called on for his defence. He began with firmness to read from a paper in his hand: the purport of the introductory was to express his regret and resentment at the various calumnies which had been actively published against him, with the obvious design to raise a prejudice in the minds of his countrymen. He particularly adverted to a publication written by a subaltern officer which attacked him in the most tender point his character, which he held dearer to him than life itself. At length he became so affected, that he was obliged to pause; and it was proposed that the council should proceed with the remaining part; but this was objected to. The court however, perceiving the strong agitation the general suffered, permitted him

defence to be occasionally read by himself, to his brother-in-law and by gen. Mead. The general at length resumed his arduous task, and strongly commented on the manner in which the charges had been supported, not by direct and circumstantial evidence only, but by the opinions of individuals and narratives of conversations. He then entered into an account of the whole transactions respecting Monte Video, in which he had been concerned, the circumstances of which have been before the public.

After having detailed those matters he served that he had the satisfaction of knowing that he acted from the best of his judgment, and that his cause was in the hands of a competent and honorable tribunal, who would disregard prejudice and decide with truth and justice. Some written documents were then read respecting the correspondence between Gen Whitelock and the other commanders employed in the expedition, and the court adjourned till 10 o'clock this day.

March 15.
The court proceeded this day, and was nearly as much crowded as yesterday. An examination of col. Bourke took place, which seemed likely to last for a considerable time, and there is no reason to believe that the trial will conclude this day.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan 29.
The Archipelago is still covered with British squadrons, which obstruct all trade and navigation. Admiral Coilingwood is himself before Cerigo; another division of the fleet appears to intend an attack.

The Kaimakan of the Sublime Porte in Egypt Seid Mehmed Aly, in consequence of the obstinate resistance of one Diubaschi, who has intrenched himself in his own house, and hitherto defied all the force that can be brought against him, and by the extravagant demands of the Arabs (Abanese) has been obliged to throw himself into the citadel of Cairo to wait for reinforcements and the issue of the negotiations he has entered into with the beys, of whom Schahim bey, (whom the Kaimakan has appointed to the government of Giza, and Kayum) Elfi bey, Osman Birdi bey and Ibrahim bey, have already concluded separate conventions with him. The capital is in a very distressed state, as the British prevent the approach by sea of any thing, and all communication with Upper Egypt. The inundation of the Nile was likewise by no means so abundant as is requisite. On the 20th of January a fire broke out in the suburbs of Galata, which destroyed 100 houses; another fire broke out on the same day in the vicinity of the arsenal.

Various movements have been observed within a few weeks, among the French troops in this kingdom. The number of the French troops in the Ecclesiastical state, in Ancona, Civita Vecchia, and other maritime places, may be estimated at 30,000 men. The regiments of infantry and cavalry that have entered Rome amount to 10,000 men.

BANKS OF THE MAINE, Feb. 25.
According to private letters from Rome the Pope is soon expected to leave that city. In consequence of orders from the Aulic council of war at Vienna, 4 regts. of frontier troops (called Croats and Pandours) are to be assembled in order to form a cordon on the Turkish frontiers, in case hostilities should take place in the spring between the Turks and the Russians. This cordon will in the whole consist of 70,000 men, and be commanded by the archduke Ferdinand, second brother to her majesty the empress, and under him count Bellegrade. With respect to the arrival of the fleet at Toulon, and its sailing again, nothing further is known with certainty.

ROME, Feb. 2.
Yesterday a corps of French infantry, under the command of general Molliis, took possession of the castle of St. Angelo. The best understanding prevails between the troops and the inhabitants. The troops of his holiness do duty as before.

Feb. 3.
Yesterday morning early general Molins entered this city at the head of 5 or 6000 men. The guard houses at the gates, and the principal guard at the Piazza Colona, and the others, were immediately taken possession of by the French troops, as was also the castle of St. Angelo. All this was done in the utmost good order without any disturbances, and the same tranquility still continues, which the inhabitants are strictly enjoined to maintain by a proclamation from his holiness. To-day, all the gates except three have again been occupied by the Papal troops.

STRAßBURG, Feb. 20.
Letters from Toulon bring the important
and advice, that the fleet there, reinforced

By the combined Fe
contributing the flce
Cádiz) set sail from
and 8th of February
Sicily with a favo
number of ships a

The Neurembu
differences have a
Sweden, and that
the latter power is
and return to Stoc
ry probable that a
ment will shortly
with Sweden, sine
ing its alliance

Letters from Ly
announce that th

which left that port last, after making Atlantic, passed and is safely arrived has united itself with the Rich-
mond of the line

vessels. The Spanish flag has also been seen (if we may believe the reports of Toulon and Rochefort) on other ships having sailed from the ports of Spain, and will be very considerable. It has been but within a short time generally reported that the fleets of the Mediterranean and the English ships cruising in the straits of the Adriatic, had attacked the fleet stationed in the Gulf of Dardanelles, before reinforcements from the fleet received letters from the Emperor that the fleets of Toulon, Rochefort, and Brest, were forced by other fleets to sail from Toulon on the 7th, and stood toward

It is generally
alhighness the gr
of proceeding to
to Spain and Po
will soon follow in
majesty has alread
serene highness
is, according to
princesses nearly a
of Bavaria.

From 40 to 50
in the spring, for
on the frontiers
The last intell
ple is very warlike

They write from
tubec, that the Po
armies of 150,000
ed that a consid
troops, belonging
the Rhine, are s
tia.

A serjeant of
here yesterday
ed to the magis
French authorit
battalion of Fre
place on the 26
garrison.

THE POPE'S PRO
Notice of the sec'

"His holiness
to conform to all
by the French g
lent required o
his sacred dutie
conscience; and
submit.

...to the
...which have been
...ary occupation
...should not submit
...ing, therefore,
...to the insensate
...most high, he pl
...of the almighty
...is the essential
...the rights of his
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...testis in his ow
...successors, agai
...ver of his domi
...the rights of the
...now and hencef
...touched. As th
...God of peace w
...ample humility

occasionally read by himself, by law and by gen. Mead. The resumed his arduous task. The mented on the manner in ges had been supported, not of individuals and narratives He then entered into an ac- whole transactions respecting which he had been concern- tances of which have been be-

detailed those matters he ad the satisfaction of know- m the best of his judgment, se was in the hands of a com- ble tribunal, who would dis- and decide with truth and written documents were then the correspondence between and the other commanders expedition, and the court ad- clock this day.

March 15. proceeded this day, and was crowded as yesterday. An Bourke took place, which last for a considerable time, reason to believe that the trial is day.

STANTINOPLE, Jan 29, lago is still covered with as, which obstruct all trade Admiral Collingwood is Cerigo; another division ears to intend an attack.

an of the Sublime Porte in hmed Aly, in consequence resistance of one Binbas, renched himself in his own rto defied all the force that against him, and by the ex- ds of the Arabs (Alba- obliged to throw himself of Cairo to wait for rein- the issue of the negotia- red into with the beys, of bey, (whom the Kaimakan o the government of Giza, by, Osman Bird si bey, have already concluded ions with him. The capi- stressed state, as the Bri- approach by sea of any munication with Upper ndation of the Nile was eans so abundant as is re- e 20th of January a fire suburbs of Galata, which uses; another fire broke day in the vicinity of the

NAPES, Feb. 5. ments have been observed cks, among the French gdom. The number of in the Ecclesiastical state, a Vecchia, and other ma- y be estimated at 30,000 nents of infantry and ca- entered Rome amount to

THE MAINE, Feb. 26. ivate letters from Rome expected to leave that d- nce of orders from the ar at Vienna, 4 reg's of called Croats and Pan- assembled in order to form urkish frontiers, in case e place in the spring be- and the Russians. This whole consist of 70,000 handed by the archduke brother to her majesty under him count Belle- ect to the arrival of the and its sailing again, no- own with certainty.

ROME, Feb. 2. ps of French infantry, nd of general Miollin, the castle of St. Ange- rstanding prevails be- d the inhabitants. T- ss do duty as before.

Feb. 3. g early general Miollin he head of 5 or 6000 ouses at the gates, and at the Piazza Colona, ere immediately taken French troops, as was St. Angelo. All this most good order with- s, and the same tran- s, which the inhabi- oined to maintain by a his holiness. To-day, three have again been ul troops.

ASBURGH, Feb. 20. ou bring the imports fleet there, reinforced

a combined French and Spanish fleets hly the fleets from Rochefort and ally set sail from that harbor on the 7th d of February, and steered towards d with a favorable wind at se. The Scilly with a favorable wind at se. The number of ships amount to thirty.

BANKS OF THE MAINE, Feb. 22. The Neuremburg Gazette states, that differences have arisen between Austria & Sweden, and that the charge d'affaires of the latter power is about to leave Vienna and return to Stockholm. It is besides ve- r probable that all the powers of the con- tinent will shortly break off their relations with Sweden, since that persists in main- taining its alliance with England.

PARIS, Feb. 21. Letters from Lyons of the 11th and 12th, announce that the Rochefort squadron, which left that port in the month of Jan- uary, after making a short cruise in the Atlantic, passed the strait of Gibraltar, and is safely arrived at Toulon, where it has united itself to the squadron in that port. The Rochefort squadron consists of six sail of the line, some frigates and light vessels. The Spanish squadron from Carthagea has also put to sea, and has joined (it we may believe these letters) the Toulon and Rochefort squadrons. Several other ships have also left the different ports of Spain, so that the combined fleet will be very considerable. Five sail of the line have been built, equipped, and armed within a short time at Toulon. It is ge- nerally reported at Lyons, and in all the parts of the Mediterranean, that the com- bined fleet intends to drive away the Eng- lish ships cruising off Sicily, and at the en- trance of the Adriatic, and afterwards to attack the fleet of admiral Collingwood stationed in the Archipelago, and off the Dardanelles, before this fleet can receive reinforcements from England. The most recent letters from the south of France an- nounce that the combined squadron of Toulon, Rochefort, and Carthagea, rein- forced by other Spanish ships, sailed from Toulon on the 7th and 8th of this month, and stood towards Sicily.

February 23. It is generally reported that his imper- al highness the grand duke of Berg, instead of proceeding to his territories, is gone to Spain and Portugal and the emperor will soon follow him; the treasurer of his majesty has already taken that route. His serene highness the prince of Neuchatel is, according to report, going to marry a princess nearly allied to the royal house of Bavaria.

VIENNA, February 17. From 40 to 50,000 of o troops will, in the spring, form an army of observation on the frontiers of Turkey. The last intelligence from Constantinople is very warlike.

LEIPZIG, February 24. They write from the Banks of the Da- nube, that the Porte intends to form two armies of 150,000 men each. It is reported that a considerable corps of German troops, belonging to the Confederation of the Rhine, are about to march to Dalmatia.

WIENMAR, February 23. A sergeant of the 67th regiment, arrived here yesterday from Rastock, and deliver- ed to the magistrate a letter from the French authorities, informing him that a battalion of French troops would enter this place on the 26th instant and remain in garrison.

THE POPE'S PROTEST AGAINST BONAPARTE.

His holiness Pius VII. being unable to conform to all the demands made on him by the French government, and to the ex- treme required of him, as it is contrary to his sacred duties, and the dictates of his conscience; and being thus compelled to submit to the disastrous consequences which have been threatened, and to the mi- serable occupation of this capital, in case he should not submit to such demands. Yield- ing, therefore, with all humility of heart, to the inscrutable determinations of the most high, he places his cause in the hands of the almighty; and being unwilling to fail in the essential obligation of guaranteeing the rights of his sovereignty, he has com- manded us to protest, and formally pro- test in his own name, as in that of his successors, against any occupation what- ever of his dominions, being desirous that the rights of the holy chair should remain inviolated, and henceforward, uninjured and un- touched. As the vicar on earth of that God of peace who taught by his divine ex- ample humility and patience, he has no

doubt but his most beloved subjects who have given him so many proofs of obedi- ence and attachment, will make it their pec- uliar duty to preserve peace and tranqui- lity, private as well as public, which his holiness exhorts, and expressly commands; and that, far from committing any excess- es, they will rather respect the individuals of a nation, from whom, during his jour- ney and stay in Paris, he received so ma- ny flattering testimonies of devotion and regard."

Rome, Feb 2. BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

NEW-YORK, April 23. Since the publication of the foreign intelli- gence in yesterday's Mercantile Advertiser, the Editor has been favored with French pa- pers to the 7th of March, inclusive, and an irregular file of London papers to the 10th. From these we learn, that in consequence of a decree of the emperor Napoleon, issued at Milan in December last, General Junot, on the first of February declared the kingdom of Portugal to be thenceforth entirely governed in the name of his master by the general in chief of the French army there; that the council of regency, appointed by his royal highness the prince of Brazil, became sup- pressed from the very moment that the said prince left the kingdom; and that a council of government, under the presidency of the general in chief, should be established, com- posed of two secretaries of state, three coun- sellors of government, a chancellor, and a secretary general. In every province are to be an administrator-general and a general officer charged with the preservation of tranquillity and order.

A Senatus Consultum of the 19th of Feb. declares, that such foreigners as shall render or have rendered eminent services to the state, or who (possessed of particular talents, shall settle in France and introduce there any useful invention of branch of industry, shall after twelve months residence enjoy all the rights of French citizens.

The government of France and Spain, have given notice that no Danish, Dutch, French, Spanish, or other ships of their allies, shall be permitted to sail from any French or Span- ish ports that they may not run the risk of being captured by the English.

Nearly all the powers of Europe have now followed the example of the decree is- sued by the French Emperor, for the exclu- sion of England from intercourse with the continent.

All Algerine vessels have been embargoed in France in consequence of the refusal of the dey to give up Genoese prisoners.

Letters from Vienna state that the English ambassador Mr. Adair, has received an in- vitation from the Austrian government to quit Vienna.

An order was received at Plymouth on the 7th of March, for all the ships in Hamaze to be got ready for sea with all possible speed.

The Queen Charlotte packet, captain Mulge, with the mail for Halifax, and New York, sailed from Falmouth on the 11th of March.

An order has been issued allowing im- portations at Newfoundland from the United States.

Mr Shuter arrived here last evening in the ship Ocean, and sailed from Lisbon on the 7th March, in the brig Hetty, which was sent into Plymouth by sir C Cottons squadron, where he arrived on the 20th. Mr. S. informs us, that 80,000 French troops have arrived in Spain, that there were 30,000 in Lisbon, and it was generally supposed they were destined against Gibraltar. Portugal was completely subdued—that twenty millions of dollars was to be raised by the 10th of April for the use of France—that all British manufactures were to pay one third of their value, and all cases of defalcation to be punished with death—that a great revolution was supposed to be on the eve in Spain. Flour at Lisbon 18, and not an American vessel there.

Latest Foreign News.

The ship Ocean, captain Bunker, arrived at this port at a late hour last night, in 24 days from Plymouth, England, and capt. B. has politely favored the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser with a file of London papers to the 24th of March inclusive, being 9 days later than before received. The following summary, and the few articles under the London head, is all our time would permit us to give to this morning's paper.

The trial of general Whitelocke had been concluded, but the sentence was not made public. It was understood he was to be severely censured and cashiered.

Lord Collingwood was at Syracuse on the 9th of February. The Rochefort and Carthagea squadrons have not joined, as the latter put into Palma bay, Majorca, in a gale of wind.

On the 17th February (the British cruiz- ers having been blown off the coast of Si- cily) the French got down some heavy

guns, took possession of fort Scylla, and made 1000 prisoners.

Russia has declared war against Sweden. The declaration states, that the emperor of Russia could not remain inactive to the conduct of Great Britain against Den- mark. Prussia and Denmark, have also declared war against Sweden.

Hostilities have commenced between the Swedes and Russians, but no general bat- tle has been fought. The Russians in breaking up from their cantonments, en- deavored to penetrate into Finland, be- tween the gulph of Finland and the Raja- na lake—the Swedish frontiers on that side not being very strong, the advanced posts fell back on the approach of the Russians. The Swedish main army occupied a posi- tion at Falmasnos. The Russian head quarters on the 4th of March was at Lou- isa. Whilst the Russians are occupying the Swedish arms on the side of Scania, but they must cross from Copenhagen to Elsinour. The French have not yet enter- ed Zealand, and the preparations at Co- penhagen are not completed.

Bonaparte has created several princes, dukes, barons and knights; all the digni- taries of the empire have been raised to the rank of princes, and their eldest sons are to be dukes.

Baron Jacobs (the Prussian minister) has returned to England. He sailed from Dover on the 18th of March in a flag of truce for Calais, but on his arrival off Calais Pier, the commandant of that would not suffer him to land, or even land on shore a letter for Paris, saying, that his orders were peremptory, not to receive any cartel or dispatches from England, and that if the cartel came again, she would be fired into without further notice.

Letters from Holland of the 15th and Paris of the 9th ultimo state, that Bona- parte had left Paris for Spain, and it was supposed he would fix his residence at Vil- ladedote. A contribution of a million of francs, was to be levied on the people of Holland. Great dissatisfaction was said to prevail in the manufacturing towns, in France, particularly among the cotton fac- tories.

The bill on the subject of the orders in council had not yet passed both houses of parliament, and had met with great oppo- sition. The papers are filled with debates on this important subject.

The British expedition to the Baltic, is countermanded.

The following is from the Courier, of the 24th of March (a ministerial paper): "Upon the subject of the embargo, the opposition, contradicting the assertion, that it had been laid on before notice of the orders in council had reached the United States, affirm, that the truth turns out to be, that a commercial house in Lon- don, had sent intelligence to America of the intention to issue such orders giving at the same time, an accurate description of their general provisions. This intelligence reached America 6 days before the laying the embargo, and in all probability was the principal cause of it. Lord Grenville stated this in the house of lords, as a thing generally known, and he challenged minis- ters, if they doubted the fact, to call the merchant to the bar, who would confirm it on oath.

LONDON, March 19.

Hamburg papers, to the 11th instant, inclusive, have been received. From these it would appear, that the French and Span- ish troops have entered Holstein in every direction, not only with the permission, but at the instigation of the Danish govern- ment. When the latest accounts left Hol- stein, they were in possession of all the principal towns, without the exception even of Rendsberg, the residence of the king of Denmark.

Nine sail of the line and four frigates are stated to be fitting out at Flushing with all possible dispatch.

The guards who were ordered to hold themselves in readiness for service to the Baltic, have been countermanded; and it is generally understood that the project of sending an army to Sweden has been relin- quished. Several ships will proceed as soon as the wind permits.

Sir James Cockburne will proceed, ear- ly in the ensuing month, to take on him- self the government of Curacao.

A Spanish squadron of six sail of the line escaped from Carthagea on the 11th ultimo and on the 25th were seen saug in Palma Bay, Majorca.

This interesting intelligence on which the public may rely, together with the undiscovered position of the Rochefort squadron, and the reports afloat concern- ing the Toulon fleet, induce us to appre- hend that a grand naval junction of the e- nemy in the Mediterranean has been for some time meditated,

March 23. Dispatches were received this morning from Mr. Rose, our minister extraor- dinary to the United States of America. Their contents have not transpired; but letters from Washington of the 19th ult. state that Mr. Rose has been extremely well received, and was proceeding in his negotiation. Price of stocks, 3 per cent. consols, 64 1/2 for April 64 1/2.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26.

ANDREW FLEMING will be voted for as a MEMBER of the COMMON COUNCIL for Ward No. 2, on Monday next, by a num- ber of

VOTERS.

Extract of a letter from Boston, dated Feb. 19.

"The Sally has arrived at this port from Liverpool. She brings London dates to the 18th March. The restrictions in Holland have been in some measure relaxed. The Juno of this port with a cargo of sugar and coffee, worth 80,000 dollars, was carried into Ply- mouth and released, and her owners were ap- prehensive she would be obliged to bring back her cargo; but they now learn that £23,000 sterling have been offered for it, the purchas- ers taking the risk and paying freight, of 60s. per ton to the ship for carrying it to Holland; but this offer was declined. Mr. Hoffshon wrote from Amsterdam that the ship would meet no difficulty there, she would only run the risk of being taken by French privateers. I mention this as a proof of relaxation. Brig Aurora has arrived from Cadiz, She carried out a cargo of tobacco and has brought back 1200 casks of sherry wine."

ASSIZE OF BREAD, Made of Superior Burr Flour.

THE 8 pound loaf to be sold for 24 CENTS. 4 pound loaf 12 2 pound loaf 6 1 pound loaf 3

JAMES HARRISS, Clerk of the Market.

There will be market for butchers meat on Sundays until the first day of October next.

J. H.

April 26

New-York Lottery.

YESTERDAY was the tenth day of draw- ing—the first drawn ticket is a prize of one thousand dollars—the wheel had gained at the close of the ninth day's drawing 9880 dollars: in consequence of which the tickets have risen in value.—The subscriber has a few tick- ets and shares at Eight Dollars during the present week; but will be raised to Eight Dollars Fifty Cents on Monday next.—A whole ticket, two halves, or four quarters, given in exchange for ten dollar prizes.

Robert Gray.

April 26.

For Sale,

A new well finished Brick House, on Wa- ter-street, 40 feet front and 125 feet deep, adjoining Mr. Samuel Harper's rope walk.— Also a small Wood House, on Duke-street, next door to the N. W. corner of Duke and St. Asaph streets.—The above property will be sold low and a long credit given for three- fourths purchase money.—If not sold at private sale before the first of June, it will be sold at public sale to the highest bidder.

Apply to the subscriber,

Lucy Colston.

April 26. 2awt20M.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 26th of April inst, a NEGRO WOMAN, named

MOLLY.

She is a low stout-made woman, about 23 years of age, has a down look, yellow com- plexion, had on a homespun mixed habit, white stockings and coarse shoes. She has a husband living with judge Fitzhugh in Alexandria, and it is supposed she is harbored somewhere in town. Whoever takes up and secures her, so that I get her again shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges if brought home.

John Bowen,

Prince William county near

Hay-market.

Masters of vessels and others are forewarned against harboring employing or carrying her off.

April 26. det.

IN COMMON COUNCIL,

APRIL 21, 1808.

Ordered,

THAT Thomas Herbert, Matthew Sex- smith and Daniel Macleod, be commissioners to hold an election on Monday the second day of May, at the Council Chamber, for a mem- ber of the Common Council for ward no. 2, in place of John Sutton, not eligible.

Test.

James M. McRea, C. C.

April 23. addMy

CHARLES BENNETT,
Offers for sale, for cash, or approved notes, at
60 days,
One bale superfine London Cloths
and Kerseymeres.
Irish Linens.
A few elegant Muslin Robes.
Calicoes and Gingham.
Seine and Sail Twine.
Fine and coarse Hats.
Clover Seed of the first quality.
12 casks Rye Whiskey, one year distilled,
&c. &c.
April 6. d1wco2w

SALT, &c.

TURK'S Island,
St. Ubes,
Ground Allum,
& Liverpool fine,
SUGAR in hhds. and barrels.
COFFEE by tierce or bag.
Imperial and
Young Hyson } **TEA.**
N. E. RUM, in barrels.
WHISKEY, in do.
FISH in barrels, &c. &c. &c.
FOR SALE BY

A. LINDO.

N. B. Family FLOUR as usual.
March 13. 2awlf.

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of KING and FAIRFAX-STREETS,
ALEXANDRIA:
HAS FOR SALE,
**An assortment of WINES, LI-
QUORS, GROCERIES, &c.**
Consisting of

MADEIRA
Port
Sherry
Lisbon
Malaga
Teneriffe &
Cork

WINES.

Old St. Estephe Medoc Jaret, in cases of
one dozen
A few dozen fine old frontinac
Ditto do. best wine bitters
Jamaica and West-India rum
New-England do.
Cogniac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy
Holland and country gin
Schiedam gin in cases
Irish whiskey, very old
70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey
Cider in barrels
White wine and Cider vinegar
Florence oil in flasks
2 hogsheads Havana honey
15 do. choice retailing molasses

Gunpowder
Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
Hyson-Skin and
Souchong

TEAS

of good quality

Muscovado sugars, different qualities
Bengal white do.
Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Bal-
timore and Alexandria.
Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff,
in bottles and bladders.
Macuba and rapeseed do.
Clover-seed, (Penn. warranted)
Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimento;
to; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cay-
enne pepper; refined salt-petre.

Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley;
London and Philadelphia mustard; basket
salt; starch; fig blue; flout indigo; Geo-
rgia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; mad-
der; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk;
pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine;
traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns;
gin cases; patent shot; brandywine gunpow-
der; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real Bri-
tish battle powder] from F to treble sealed;
chewing tobacco; best Havana segars.

Muscadel and bloom raisins in boxes.
Sun raisins in casks.
Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled al-
monds.

A few boxes excellent pickles, each one
dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and an-
choovies, for sale by the box.
A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable
for the fishery, &c. &c.

State Lottery, New-York.

For the promotion of Literature, and for other
purposes, positively commences drawing

ON THE

First Tuesday in April next.

Payment of prizes guaranteed by the State
Legislature.

HIGHEST PRIZES.

1	\$25,000
1	10,000
2	5,000
4	2,000
7	1,000

And a very considerable number of inferior
prizes—less than two blanks to a prize.

Tickets and Shares at the rate of Eight
Dollars, for sale at R. Gray's book store.
N. B. The price will be raised as the draw-
ing proceeds.
April 2.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Being desirous of bringing the affairs of the late
firm of THOMPSON and VEITCH, to a
final close, OFFER FOR SALE the follow-
ing.

REAL PROPERTY, viz.

THREE comfortable Dwelling House
with elegant stores, on the south side
of King, between Fairfax and Royal-streets,
lots extending back 175 feet; at present oc-
cupied by Joseph Janney, James Russel, and
James R. Riddle and Co. The situation is
considered to be amongst the best for business
in Alexandria.

A dwelling house and lot on the north side
of King-street, near the corner of King and
Pitt-streets, occupied by Samuel Snowden.

A lot, fronting 56 feet on Pitt-street, ex-
tending back 119 feet, and bounded on the
south by an alley, on which is a shed occu-
pied by M. Dorsey, coach-maker.

A brick dwelling house on Prince-street,
betwixt Fairfax and Royal-streets, occupied
by William Lovering.

Also, the vacant lots adjoining, on each
side of said house. Their situation for busi-
ness equal to any unimproved property in
town.

That large commodious and brick tavern,
in George-Town, with all the buildings and
improvements attached thereto, situated on the
main street leading from the public ferry; oc-
cupied by Joseph Semmes.

Three handsome three story brick dwell-
ing houses, with brick stables and carriage
houses, being part of the six buildings, situ-
ated on Pennsylvania avenue, in the city of
Washington.

A handsome, commodious, and well finish-
ed brick dwelling house, in Charlestown, Jef-
ferson county, late the property of Van Ru-
thierford, with a large garden and the corner
storehouse on same lot, situate near the cen-
tre of the main street.

Also, a tan-yard with sundry improvements,
a comfortable dwelling house and lot adjoin-
ing, very handsomely situated, &c. Late the
property of George Hite.

Also, a two story house and lot on the main
street, at present occupied by Charles Foulk.

And a vacant lot on the main street, in a
central situation for business.

For particular information respecting the
above property in Charles-Town, application
may be made to William Tate, Esq. of that
place, or to Henry St. George Tucker, Esq. of
Winchester.

A tract of land in Loudoun county, contain-
ing 400 acres, situate near the Gum Spring
late the property of J. Spencer. On this tract
there are two settlements and about 60 acres
in cultivation, the rest of the land well tim-
bered; the new turnpike road will pass thro'
a part of this tract. Captain Charles Lewis
living near the Gum-Spring, will shew this
to any person desirous of viewing it.

One other tract of 196 acres, in Frederick
county, about four miles from Winchester
and near the lands belonging to Judge Holmes.
For particulars apply to Henry St. George
Tucker, Esq.

One other tract of 400 acres, in Hampshire
county, on a branch of Fairley's Run, near
the town of Frankfurt, formerly owned by
Daniel Jones.

One other tract of 500 acres, in Randolph
county, being part of an old military survey,
on the south side of Glad Creek, considered
to be of excellent quality. This tract is situ-
ated in a thickly settled part of that country,
and contiguous to the main road leading from
Randolph to the horse-shoe-bottom, on Cheat-
river.

One other tract, named Fertility, of 263
acres, in Westmoreland county, state of Penn-
sylvania; situated on the Monongahela river,
and binding thereon for 3-4 of a mile, about
one quarter of a mile below Casner's ferry,
and 4 miles above Parkinson's ferry. A large
proportion is rich bottom land, with a valu-
able orchard of sugar trees and about 60 acre-
in cultivation. The main road from Union-
Town to Pittsburg passes close by this land.

Any part of the above described property
we are disposed to sell at reasonable rates, on
the following terms, viz. One fifth in hand
and the residue in three or four equal annual
payments, the purchaser giving bonds with
security on the premises.

**JONAH THOMPSON,
RICHARD VEITCH.**

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Alexandria coun-
ty, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained
from the Orphans' Court of said county let-
ters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Ma-
rie Perrin, late of the county aforesaid de-
ceased; all persons having claims against the
said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit
them, with the vouchers thereof, to the sub-
scriber, on or before the 25th day of Septem-
ber next, or they may by law be excluded
from all benefit to said estate; and those in-
debted thereto are required to make immedi-
ate payment.—Given under my hand this 25th
day of March, 1808.

Mathurin Perrin, Ex'r.

March 25.

Staw6w

ALMANACS for 1808,

Just published and for sale, by
Cotton and Stewart.



HORWELL'S

Celebrated Patent Suspenders,

FOR ease, elegance, strength, &c. far ex-
ceeds any in use. To be had wholesale
and retail, at the manufactory, lower end of
Prince-street, Alexandria.

Wholesale purchasers may be supplied on
advantageous terms.

Richard Horwell.

March 25

d6m

The American Artillerist's Companion,

OR
ELEMENTS OF ARTILLERY,
BY LOUIS DE TOUSARD,

Late Lieut. col. commandant of the 2d reg.
and inspector of artillery of the U. S.
No 1st and 2d of the above work
FOR SALE BY

R. GRAY.

SALT AFLOAT.

2000 bushels GROUND ALLUM SALT
suitable for the fishery, will be sold on mode-
rate terms—Apply to captain JOHN STACEY,
on board the brig FAVORITE, or to

John G. Ladd.

April 11.

FOR SALE, BY LEWIS DEBLOIS

At his Store, near Col. Ramsay's wharf,
French Brandy, in pipes
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter
casks

New-England Rum, in hogsheads and bar-
rels

Molasses, in hogsheads

Cod-Fish, in boxes

Cider, Potatoes, Beets, and Winter Peas,
in barrels

Cheese

Cider Vinegar, in hogsheads and pipes

March 9.

JOHN G. LADD,

HAS FOR SALE,

30 bales German Linens, consist-
ing of brown and white Rolls, flaxen Osa-
burghs, hempen Ticklenburghs, Burlaps, and
Checks and Stripes.

1000 pieces Nankeen

Russia Sheet and Duck

1 bale Writing Paper

50 bags of black Pepper of the best qua-
lity, and will be sold very low

Sugars and Coffee

40 hhds Molasses

1 pipe port Wine

10 do. Holland Gin

5 do. French Brandy

7 do. Jamaica Spirits.

A quantity of seal Leather, Shoes, Spers-
macuti and Tallow Candles, Cheese, &c. &c.
April 7.

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, on King-street, has in
addition to his former stock, added

**A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in
the Grocery Line;**

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms

Muscovado Sugars, of various qua-

lities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson-Skin, and

Souchong

Best green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality

Madaira,

Busellos,

Sherry,

Lisbon,

Teneriffe,

Malaga, and

Genuine old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,

Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New
England Rum,

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whisky,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters,

Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento,

Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground

Ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley

rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and

permaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flout

indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimstone's

spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best en-

glish and country made gunpowder, segars

and snuffing tobacco, very best chewing to-
bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes
in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior
quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper

demijohns, &c. &c. with generally every ar-
ticle in his line—the whole of which have been

collected with care, and will be disposed of at
the very lowest terms

NOTICE.

THE COMMISSIONERS.

APPOINTED by the act of Con-
gress, "entitled an act authorising the
erection of a BRIDGE over the river Poto-
mac, within the District of Columbia," hereby
give notice, that a meeting of the Stockholders
of the Washington Bridge Company, agreeably
to the directions of the said act, will be held at
Stelles Hotel in the city of Washington, on
Monday the 2d of May between 10 o'clock
A. M. and 3 P. M. for the purpose of electing
five Directors, a Clerk and a Treasurer, and
such other officers, agents and servants, as the
said Company may think fit to appoint, and
for transacting any other business, in pursu-
ance of the said act, and appertaining to the
nature and objects of the institution of said
Company.

By order of the Commissioners,

ROBERT BRENT.

Form of a Proxy.

I hereby empower to give as
many votes in my name for the officers of
the Washington Bridge Company, at the ensu-
ing election as I hold shares, and to transact
during the same such other business as may
be necessary.

Given under my hand this day
of Witness,
April 12. cot9M.

TO RENT,

A convenient two story Dwelling House and
Store, situate on the corner of King and Pitt-
streets, lately occupied by Mr. John Ramsay.
Apply to

**Eliza Wilton, or
Robert I. Taylor.**

January 12. 2aw

R. GRAY

HAS RECEIVED a list of the drawings
of all the tickets sold by him in the N. York
Lottery, containing two days drawings:

Nos. 22,367 }
22,205 } Are prizes of 10 dollr.
30,403 }

A few tickets and halves for
sale at eight dollars, but will advance in a few
days.

April 14.

Mount-Washington for Sale.

I will sell my FARM in Fairfax county,
and give immediate possession. It is less
than three miles from Alexandria, and six
from the George-Town ferry—the distance
from the projected bridge will be less—the
house stands on an elevated hill, and over-
looks the City, Alexandria, the river, with
the shore, and hills of Maryland. The house
which I erected, and is nearly finished, con-
sists of a center house two stories high, and
wings of one, joined to it, by circular corri-
dors, the north wing contains 2 small rooms,
the front of it, and the corridor adjoining,
intended for a green house, this leads to a
drawing room—a dining room separated
from it by the passage and stair-case, is next
to the south corridor which contains 3 closets,
and leads to the kitchen—a pump of excel-
lent water at the door. The second story of
the center house contains 3 chambers and a
dressing room, with fire places—a large el-
ect set adjoins the dining room—one of the same
size opens on the stair case, both fitted up
with shelves—a store room in the garret, and
cupola on the house top, from whence is seen
a delightful, variegated landscape, complete
the description of the mansion house. A nest
cottage accommodates laborers, and there are
stables, a carriage house, and ice house; the
farm contains 103 acres, 70 enclosed and cul-
tivated, the rest in wood; this place boasts
the finest collection of fruit that I have seen,
besides every other sort; the list given to me
was 800 apples, 800 peaches, and 300 cherry
trees; I have added several hundred of the
best kinds.—The garden consists of 12 large
squares, the soil enriched and borders filled
with fruit trees, and bushes; it is surrounded
by a live cedar hedge, which also extends on
each side of the house: the former proprie-
tor possessed much taste, and collected many
ornamental trees and shrubs, which are ju-
diciously disposed about the grounds. The
soil is suitable for grass, and the portion of
ground devoted to timothy and clover yield
an abundant crop; it produced good wheat
and oats last year, and I think with small ex-
pense may be rendered productive. Those
who wish a residence, where health will be
preserved, and convenience of intercourse
with Alexandria, George-Town, and the seat
of government, will find all combined in
Mount-Washington. I will shew the premi-
ses and impart the terms of sale, upon appli-
cations by letters directed to the Post-Office,
Alexandria.

ELIZA P. LAW.

ALSO FOR SALE,

Farming implements, an ox cart, two bar-
shear ploughs with harness, one shovel do.
one iron toothed harrow, two scythes and crat-
cles, spades, picks, &c

March 15.

PRINTED DAILY BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
(For the Proprietor.)

VOL VIII.

Sales a
On every Tues
WILL

At the Vendue Sto

Water

A Variety of Dry

Particulars of which

the bills of the day-

which are on limit

which are establish

viewed and purchase

and prices.

P. G.

FOR

On board the ship Co

Rams.

About two thousa

S A

Excellent for strik

will be sold in small

April 5.

GREEN

5000 lb. best

FOR SALE BY

Jan

Feb. 13.

HEMP F

I HAVE on hand,

city CLEAN CO

to sell for cash, or on

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December 30.

NO

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The business is

acted by

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